

Camouflage 240 mm Primer

Designed by Piero Lissoni, 2016



773lm - 2700K - CRI> 80 - Beam° 151

Wall-mounted lamp emitting radial diffused light. Circular front panel in multiple stone finishes. Dissipating aluminum body with diffuser in transparent polycarbonate. Parabolic reflector in white polycarbonate. IP65-rated. Integrated 220–240 V power supply. Outgoing neoprene cable included. Version 110 V upon request.

Designed by Piero Lissoni, Camouflage blends architecture and light in a refined play of presence and absence. Switch off the light and, as if by magic, the lamp disappears. Switch it on and all you see is the glow: a subtle halo that enhances surfaces without revealing its source. A range of sophisticated stone finishes allows the design to blend in with the walls, giving the lamp its name, or stand out as an elegant accent.

Are you a professional and your project needs consulting and support?

BOOK AN APPOINTMENT

Main specifications

EAN	8054793586830
Mounting	Wall
Environments	Outdoor wet location
Light Source Type	LED
Light sources included	Yes
LED type	Power LED
Number of lamps	1
System power (W)	12
Source flux (lm)	1281
System flux (lm)	773

Physical

Color	Primer
Orientation	Fixed
Length (in)	9.45
Net weight (lb)	2.88
Gross weight (lb)	3.2
Package height (in)	4.13
Package width (in)	11.73
Package length (in)	11.73
Package volume (in)	567.52
IP internal	65

Download

Mounting instructions [ZIP](#)

Photometric Files

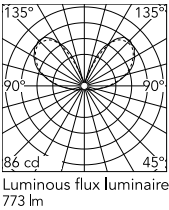
LDT / IES [ZIP](#)

Ecodesign and Energy Labelling

This product contains a light source of energy efficiency class D



Schematic light drawing



Photometric

Lighting type	Direct
Light distribution	Symmetric
CCT (K)	2700
CRI>	80
Beam angle C0-180 (°)	151
Beam angle C90-270 (°)	151
Extreme cut off	No

Electrical

Driver Remote excluded

Notes

We recommend using a connection system with a degree of protection greater than or equal to the degree of protection of the luminaire.

During the installation and the maintenance of the fixtures it is important to be careful and avoid damages on the coating.

For LED fixtures, there is evidence that most of the damages are connected to electrical effects related to the insulations, which cause destructive electrical discharges

These effects are frequently caused by:

- over voltage coming from the mains' network where fixture is connected.
- electrostatic discharge (ESD) coming from the environment.

The use of a protective device against the overvoltage on the electrical installation is warmly suggest this helps to reduce the intensity of some of these phenomenon and prevent irreversible damages. The selection of the type of device to be used must be adjust on the electrical plant.
